(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Decline in rate of Production in Cotton and Woolen Mills

829. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the rate of production in cotton and woollen mills under British India Corporation Limited has decline due to extreme mismanagement;

(b) whether these mills are unable to utilise even 10 percent in average of their installed capacity; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) the decline in production of the two woollen mills of BIC and its two cotton subsidiaries, namely Elgin Mills company Ltd., and Cawnpore Textiles Ltd., is mainly attributable to obsolete machinery, excess man power and acute shortage of working capital.

(b) and (c) The Mills in operation have been achieving an average of over 10% capacity utilisation as indicated below:

The British India Corporation Ltd., (Woollen):

Spinning: 16%
Weaving: 15%

Cawnpore Textiles Ltd. (Cotton).

Spinning: 31%
Weaving: 41%

Elgin Mills Co. Ltd. (Cotton):

Spinning: 15%
Weaving: 30%

Additional Power Generation i Karnataka

830. SHRI B. K. HARIPRASAD: Wil the Minister of POWER be pleased t state:

(a) what are the capacity addition envisaged under the Eighth Five Yea Plan both for Thermal and Hydel sector and the share of Karnataka in each o these;

(b) what are the on-going projects for additional power generation in Karnataka under the Eighth Plan, both hydel and thermal and the status of funding thereof;

(c) what is the quantum of deficit likely to persist in the southern region at the end of Eighth Plan even with the capacity addition; and

(d) whether the Central sector in power generation will extend its operations to South as presently mega-thermal plants by NTPC/NHPC are concentrated in North/Central India?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRIMATI URMILA BEN CHIMANBHAI PATEL): (a) The Eighth Five Year Plan (1992—97) approved programme envisaged acapacity addition of 30537.7 MW comprising 20155.5 MW thermal and 9282.2MW hydel. The capacity addition envisaged in Karnataka was 996 MW comprising 416 MW thermal and 580 MW hydel.

(b) The details of the 8th Plan power generation projects in the state of Karnataka are given below:

S.No.	Name of the project	Capacity (MW)	8th Plan approved Allocation (Rs. Cr.)
1.	Ghat Prabha HE	2x16	3.30
2.	Kalinadi HE-II	270	194.69
3.	Sharavati T.R.H.E.	4x60	165.83
4.	Mallarpur HE	2x4.5	7.19
5.	Brindavan HE	2x6	24.16
6.	Bhadra RBC	1x6	12.79
7.	Varahi Dam	2x4.5	12.49
8.	Raichur TPS U-4	1x210	481.09
9.	Yelahanka DG Sets	6x21.32	25.00
10.	Karnataka DG Sets	12x6.5	153.00
11.	Shivpur HE	2x9	—

(c) Based on the capacity addition programme of the Eighth Five Year Plan and the demand projections as per the 14th Electric Power Survey, the energy and peak deficit in the Southern Region in the year 1996-97 has been estimated at 19019 million units (18.4%) and 4259 MW (23.5%) respectively.

(d) The National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC), A central public sector undertaking, has already extended its operations to the Southern region by setting up Ramagundam Super Thermal Power Project (STPP) in Andhra Pradesh.

Advances and Loans under Differential rate of interest

831. SHRI G. PRATHAPA REDDY:
SHRI T. VENKATRAM REDDY:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the total advances and loans during 1994-95 by the public sector banks;

(b) the total advances and loans under Differential Rate of interest (DRI);

(c) the break-up of (b) above by social groups;

(d) the break-up of (b) above by economic sector; and

(e) the total amount outstanding under DRI as on April 30, 1995 and its break-up in the above terms?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (DR. DEBI-PROSAD PAL): (a) The net bank credit of Public Sector Banks as at the end of March 1995 was Rs. 169037.54 crores.

(b) and (c) The total advances under Differential Rate of Interest (DRI) as at the end of March 1995 was Rs. 701.84 crores. Out of this amount Rs. 420.79 crores was advanced to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes. The data system of Reserve Bank of India (RBI) does not generate information regarding DRI advances to other social groups.

(d) RBI do not compile break-up of DRI advances by economic sector.

(e) RBI has also reported that the information regarding total amount outstanding under DRI Scheme as at the end of April 1995 is not available since such information is compiled on a quarterly basis. However, the amount outstanding as on 30.6.95 under DRI